

Warm Welcome to all the students in the online classes.

We are going to start our online lesson Of Class 9<sup>th</sup> today. I hope you all will enjoy and learn.

## Rules of the Class:

- ▶ Be on time for all your classes.
- ▶ Respect all participants of the class.
- Do not create any disturbance.
- Raise hand if you have a question.
- Pay attention to your teacher.
- Enter into the class with your actual name and CPR number.
- Follow the timetable and do not forget to be present in the next class on time.

# Before starting the lesson, I would like to ask some questions.

# **QUESTIONS:**

Who was the founder of Civics study?

What did the Greek say to the Citizens?

What is purpose of civics?

What are the three Rights of the citizens?

### Topics of the lesson

The State Definition.

Elements

#### Terms used for State

History of a state is as old as the history of man. The term state is derived from the ancient Rome "statu" Italian says Stato, German Staat, French stat and the English state.

#### definition of State

- Great Greek Philosopher, Aristotle defines state as
- A community of families and villages having for its end a perfect and self sufficing life, by which we means a happy and honorable life.
- □ G. W. garner

"the state as a concept of political science and a public law, is a community of persons, more or less in numerous, permanently occupying a definite portion of territory, independent of external control and possessing an organized government to which the great body of inhabitants render habitual obedience".

### Elements of State.

**Population** 

**Territory** 

Government

Sovereignty

#### Population

State is the assemblage of the human beings.

Maximum or minimum numbers of population is no matter

Greek Philosopher Plato preferred small state consist of 5040 people

French philosopher Rousseau suggested 10000.

In the modern world we see smallest and largest populated states

## **Territory**

It is the second element of state

The state should not only have a fairly sizeable human population, it should also have this population settled on a piecece of land permanently.

Like population, no limit on the territory of a state can be put.

## Government

- 1. t is an agency created by the purpose of enforcing laws.
  - Law is a set of the rules of the common behavior, agreed upon by the general consensus of the members of a civil society.)
  - A standard government consists of three elements,
  - 1. Legislature (making laws)
  - 2.Executive (enforcing laws)
  - 3. Judiciary (Responsible for making decisions upon the disputes)

## Sovereignty

It is the most important element of the state because it distinguishes state from all other human associations and institutions'

Only state has supreme power over all the institution. Associations etc.

- courts of justice. Armed forces are considered to be an important wing of the executive and it is their duty to defend the state from foreign aggression.
- (c) The Judiciary: Judiciary is the department responsible for making decisions upon the disputes arising between citizens and state institutions, it punishes the culprits, interprets law and takes care that the fundamental law of the state (the constitution) is being abided by.

Sovereignty: Sovereignty is the most important element of the state because it distinguishes state from all other human associations and institutions. No people living in a well defined territory and being ruled by a government can be called a state unless they collectively possess an authority which is internally supreme and free from all sorts of external control. This authority has permanence and lives as long as state exists, it is exclusive, all-comprehensive, indivisible, inalienable absolute and supreme. No other human institution can boast of possessing an authority which could match the sovereignty of the state. [We shall study more about it in chapter 4]

#### Class activities

- How many elements of a state?
- What term did the German use for the state?
- What should be the population of a state according to Plato?
- Rousseau suggested the population of a state \_10000\_\_\_\_\_.
- How many elements of Government?
- Which element of government enforces law?

#### Recaputulation

- State is a political Organization
- It has four Fundamental organs i.e. Population, Territory, Government and sovereignty.
- Government is an agency responsible to enforce / implements law.
- State protects rights of its citizens and perfoms duty also.

## Home assignment

- Define State .
- How many organs of a state briefly define each of them.
- How many elements of government/ what are their functions explain?
- Way the Sovereignty is considered the most important organ of a state?
- Why did Rousseau suggested a state population sshould be 10000?

## Visit school's official website:

https://pakistanschool
 .org/firsterm/
 for

**Notes** 

Worksheet - 2

AND

Homework.

#### STAY HOME AND SECURE

In Sha Allah we will learn more about the chapter in coming lecture.

Take Care

ALLAH HAFIZ